

ECUACIONES DE PRIMER GRADO

ECUACIONES SENCILLAS

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| 1) $5x = 20$ | Sol: $x = 4$ |
| 2) $4x = -24$ | Sol: $x = -6$ |
| 3) $-4x = 12$ | Sol: $x = -3$ |
| 4) $-9x = -72$ | Sol: $x = 8$ |
| 5) $-x = 31$ | Sol: $x = -31$ |
| 6) $3x = 0$ | Sol: $x = 0$ |
| 7) $15x = 1$ | Sol: $x = 1/15$ |
| 8) $0x = -13$ | Sol: Incompatible |
| 9) $7x = 14$ | Sol: $x = 2$ |
| 10) $0x = 0$ | Sol: Indeterminada |
| 11) $3x - 1 = 8$ | Sol: $x = 3$ |
| 12) $7 - 3x = 1$ | Sol: $x = 2$ |
| 13) $x - 3 = x + 6$ | Sol: Incompatible |
| 14) $x + 3 - 4x = 0$ | Sol: $x = 1$ |
| 15) $3x - 5 = x + 7 - 12x$ | Sol: $x = 6/7$ |
| 16) $3x - 1 = 2x + 6$ | Sol: $x = 7$ |
| 17) $6x - 1 + 5x = x + 9$ | Sol: $x = 1$ |
| 18) $5x + 3 = 5x + 1$ | Sol: Incompatible |
| 19) $4x - 3 = 4x + 7$ | Sol: Incompatible |

ECUACIONES CON PARÉNTESIS

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| 1) $5x - 2 = 10x - 2 - (x - 7)$ | Sol: $x = -7/4$ |
| 2) $4 - (x - 3) = 5(x - 2) + 9$ | Sol: $x = 4/3$ |
| 3) $4x + 2(x - 7) = 3x + 4$ | Sol: $x = 6$ |
| 4) $2x - 5 = 4 - 3(2x + 6)$ | Sol: $x = -9/8$ |
| 5) $5x + 1 = 5(2 + x) - 3$ | Sol: Incompatible |
| 6) $3x - 5(1 - 6x) + 3(2x + 3) = 0$ | Sol: $x = -4/39$ |
| 7) $4 - (3x + 1) = 5(x + 1) - 3(7x + 4)$ | Sol: $x = -10/13$ |
| 8) $3(x + 1) - 5 = 3x - 2$ | Sol: Indeterminada |
| 9) $2(x - 3) + 5(x + 6) = 23$ | Sol: $x = -1/7$ |

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| 10) $3x - 1 = 6 - (7 - 3x)$ | Sol: Indeterminada |
| 11) $6(7 - x) = 8(6 - x)$ | Sol: $x = 3$ |
| 12) $4(x - 6) = 12 - (x + 3)$ | Sol: $x = 33/5$ |
| 13) $4(x - 7) = 2(x + 1) - 3x$ | Sol: $x = 6$ |
| 14) $(2x - 3) + (5x - 7) - (x + 2) - (6x + 5) = 0$ | Sol: Incompatible |
| 15) $3x + 8 - 2 = 3(x + 2)$ | Sol: Indeterminada |
| 16) $5x - 99 = 8x - 12$ | Sol: $x = -29$ |
| 17) $3(x + 1) + 2(3x - 7) = 0$ | Sol: $x = 11/9$ |
| 18) $5x - 2(x + 6) = 3x - 12$ | Sol: Indeterminada |
| 19) $5 - (7x + 1) + 3x = 4(3 - x) - 10$ | Sol: Indeterminada |
| 20) $2(x + 1) + 2(x + 2) + 2(x + 3) = 24$ | Sol: $x = 2$ |
| 21) $17x - 11 = -4(x + 23)$ | Sol: $x = -27/7$ |
| 22) $5(x + 2) = 5x - 10$ | Sol: Incompatible |
| 23) $4x - (2x + 15) + (14 - 5x) = 0$ | Sol: $x = -1/3$ |
| 24) $3 = 2(x + 9) - 10x + 41$ | Sol: $x = 7$ |
| 25) $5x - 3(x + 1) = 4 - (3x + 19)$ | Sol: $x = -12/5$ |
| 26) $3x - 2(4x - 11) - (7x + 1) = 1$ | Sol: $x = -11/6$ |
| 27) $14x + 16 - 3(5 + 4x) = -11$ | Sol: $x = -6$ |
| 28) $2(x + 2) - 3(x + 2) + 4(x + 2) = 5(x + 2)$ | Sol: $x = -2$ |
| 29) $4x - 7(2x + 5) = 31x - 6(3 - 2x)$ | Sol: $x = -1$ |

ECUACIONES CON DENOMINADORES

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| 1) $\frac{x}{2} - 6 = 2x$ | Sol: $x = -4$ |
| 2) $3x - \frac{2}{3} = 3x + 5$ | Sol: Incompatible |
| 3) $\frac{x}{4} + 2(x - 1) = 5$ | Sol: $x = 28/9$ |
| 4) $\frac{x}{3} - 2 = 5(x + 1)$ | Sol: $x = -3/2$ |
| 5) $\frac{x - 2}{3} + 10 = 5x$ | Sol: $x = 2$ |
| 6) $4x - \frac{7x}{3} + 12 = x - 6$ | Sol: $x = -27$ |
| 7) $4x - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{x}{4} + 3$ | Sol: $x = 14/15$ |
| 8) $\frac{10x - 15}{5} = 2x - 3$ | Sol: Indeterminada |

- 9) $2(x+3) - \frac{5}{2} = x$ Sol: $x = -7/2$
- 10) $x+6 - \frac{4x}{3} = x+2$ Sol: $x = 3$
- 11) $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{x}{4} = 3x - 5$ Sol: $x = 2$
- 12) $\frac{5x-2}{3} + \frac{4x}{3} = \frac{8}{3}$ Sol: $x = 10/9$
- 13) $\frac{4x}{5} - 2 = x - \frac{x+10}{5}$ Sol: Indeterminada
- 14) $8 - \frac{x}{5} + \frac{2x}{5} = \frac{2}{5}$ Sol: $x = -38$
- 15) $5x - \frac{6x-1}{4} = 0$ Sol: $x = -1/4$
- 16) $3x - \frac{3}{8} + \frac{3x-5}{2} = 1$ Sol: $x = 31/36$
- 17) $\frac{2x+5}{3} + \frac{x}{6} = x - \frac{x-10}{6}$ Sol: Indeterminada
- 18) $x - \frac{1}{2} = 3x + 8$ Sol: $x = -17/4$
- 19) $\frac{x-3}{5} = 4(x+7)$ Sol: $x = -143/19$
- 20) $5 - (2x+3) = \frac{x}{2}$ Sol: $x = 4/5$
- 21) $3(2x-5) + 6 - (2x+7) = \frac{1}{2}$ Sol: $x = 33/8$
- 22) $\frac{2(x+3)}{3} - 1 = \frac{3(x-6)}{4} + 4$ Sol: $x = 18$
- 23) $\frac{5x-2}{4} - \frac{x+3}{6} = x+5$ Sol: $x = 37/3$
- 24) $\frac{3x+7}{2} - 2 = \frac{2x+1}{4} + x$ Sol: Incompatible
- 25) $\frac{x}{4} - \frac{x}{3} + \frac{5x}{6} = \frac{1}{2} - (x+2)$ Sol: $x = -6/7$
- 26) $\frac{3x+1}{2} - \frac{2(x+7)}{6} - 2 = x+3$ Sol: $x = 41$
- 27) $3x - \frac{5+6x}{2} = 1$ Sol: Incompatible
- 28) $\frac{x}{2} + \frac{x}{3} + \frac{x}{4} - \frac{3x-1}{6} = 0$ Sol: $x = -2/7$
- 29) $5x - 3\left(\frac{1}{2} - 4x\right) = 8x$ Sol: $x = 1/6$
- 30) $\frac{2}{3}(x-6) = \frac{5x}{12}$ Sol: $x = 16$

- 31) $\frac{x+1}{6} = 6x + 4$ Sol: $x = -23/35$
- 32) $7x - \frac{3x-8}{5} = \frac{3x+9}{4}$ Sol: $x = 13/113$
- 33) $\frac{4-x}{5} - 1 = 6 - \frac{2x+3}{5}$ Sol: $x = 28$
- 34) $3x - \frac{6x}{5} - \frac{2x+3}{5} = 0$ Sol: $x = 3/7$
- 35) $5(2x-6) - 1 - \frac{7x-3}{2} = 5 + 7x$ Sol: $x = -69$
- 36) $\frac{3x}{5} - \frac{3(7-5x)+2}{4} = -\frac{x+2}{10} + x$ Sol: $x = 37/23$
- 37) $\frac{6(x-1)}{5} - \frac{3}{4} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot (5x-6)$ Sol: $x = 21/26$
- 38) $3\left(x - \frac{5}{2}\right) + 9 = \frac{3x}{4}$ Sol: $x = -2/3$
- 39) $\frac{2(5x-7)}{3} + \frac{2}{5} = \frac{x-7}{6}$ Sol: $x = 93/95$
- 40) $9x - \frac{7x+1}{2} - \frac{x+4}{6} = 0$ Sol: $x = 7/32$
- 41) $7x - 3(2x+7) + \frac{2}{3}\left(\frac{x-1}{2}\right) = 1$ Sol: $x = 67/4$
- 42) $\frac{2}{5}\left(x + \frac{x-2}{3}\right) - 6x = 3x - \frac{5x}{6}$ Sol: $x = -8/229$
- 43) $2\left(\frac{5x}{3} - 4\right) = 3x - \frac{1}{4}\left(5x - \frac{4}{3}\right)$ Sol: $x = 100/19$
- 44) $4 - \frac{2x-5}{3} = (-2)\left(x - \frac{3}{5}\right)$ Sol: $x = -67/20$
- 45) $\frac{x-1}{5} - \frac{x+2}{10} + \frac{1-3x}{15} = \frac{x+2}{30}$ Sol: $x = -3$
- 46) $2x - \frac{1-3x}{10} + \frac{2}{3} = 2(x-3) + \frac{1}{5}$ Sol: $x = -191/9$
- 47) $\frac{3x+4}{5x+6} = \frac{1}{2}$ Sol: $x = -2$
- 48) $\frac{2(x-1)}{3} - \frac{x+4}{15} + 1 = x - \frac{3(x-2)}{5}$ Sol: $x = 17/3$
- 49) $\frac{\frac{3x-1}{5} - \frac{1}{2} + x}{2} = \frac{1}{3} + 2x$ Sol: $x = -41/72$
- 50) $\frac{x-4}{5} + \frac{3(x-2)}{15} = \frac{1}{10} - \frac{x-1}{2}$ Sol: $x = 2$